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ring one passenger and slightly injuring twenty five others. A gentleman from New Orleans lost a diamond brooch valued at \$

The Democratic Banner

EDITED BY L. HARPER.

IS A FREEMAN WHO THE TRUTH MAKES FREE

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1867.



DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ALLEN G. THURMAN, of Franklin.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
DANIEL S. UHL, of Holmes.
TREASURER OF STATE,
C. FULTON, of Crawford.
AUDITOR OF STATE,
JOHN McLEWEE, of Butler.
ATTORNEY GENERAL,
FRANK H. HURD, of Knox.
SUPREME JUDGE,
THOMAS M. KEY, of Hamilton.
COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,
WILLIAM SHERIDAN, of Williams.
MEMBER BOARD PUBLIC WORKS,
ARTHUR HUGHES, of Cuyahoga.

ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, GIVING NEGROES
THE RIGHT TO VOTE AND HOLD OFFICE,
"NO."

Knox County Democratic Ticket.

Representative—DR. ROBERT MOFFITT.
Treasurer—ROBERT MILLER.
Commissioner—T. L. MARQUAND.
Infirmary Director—JOHN WELSH.

DEMOCRATS, TAKE NOTICE!

A meeting of the Knox County Democratic Central and Advisory Committees, and the Democratic candidates on the County ticket, will be held at the office of the Democratic Banner, on Saturday, July 27th, 1867, at one o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be transacted.

ROBT. MILLER, Chairman.
L. HARPER, Secretary.

CAMPAIGN BANNER.

We will furnish the BANNER from this time until after the October election for the sum of 50 cents to each subscriber—those in clubs of five, ten, or more, to be sent to one address. We make this offer at the request of a number of our Democratic friends, and for the purpose of giving the paper the largest circulation during the present political campaign. Every white man in Knox county should be a reader of the BANNER, and do every thing in his power to defeat the revolutionary designs of the disunion Radicals, now in power.

State Destruction.

On the 12th inst., our member of Congress, General Morgan, presented a memorial from the Legislature of Arkansas, in relation to the levees of the Mississippi river, asking an appropriation for the repair of those levees, without which the country was liable to be flooded at any time, and the entire crop destroyed. Kelley, the Radical member from Philadelphia, objected to the reception of the memorial, on the ground that there is no such State as Arkansas; and therefore the petition came from no living or legal body. Ingersoll and other Radical members took the same ground. General Morgan replied in an able and telling speech, showing, most conclusively, that President Lincoln and the Radical Congress recognized the fact that Arkansas and other Southern States were in, and part of, the Union, during the existence of the rebellion, by receiving members of Congress from them, and in all other respects treating them as sovereign States.

The petition was finally received and referred to the Committee on Appropriations, when appointed.

It is apparent, from the course taken by Radical Congressmen on this and other matters, that they have determined to do what Gen. Lee's great army failed to do after five years of hard fighting—destroy the Union. The Radicals have therefore shown themselves worse disunionists than the leaders of the rebellion. Can any honest, patriotic citizen, who loves the Union, and who desires peace, harmony and a white man's Government, vote with a party that has proven itself to be disloyal and traitorous and an enemy of the Union and the Constitution?

A Presidential Calculation.

The Bangor Democrat gives the following estimate for the coming Presidential election, on the supposition that the ten Southern States will not be allowed to vote:

Democratic.	Republican.
New Hampshire..... 5	Maine..... 7
Connecticut..... 6	Vermont..... 5
New York..... 33	Massachusetts..... 12
New Jersey..... 7	Rhode Island..... 4
Pennsylvania..... 26	Ohio..... 21
Maryland..... 7	Illinois..... 10
Delaware..... 3	Michigan..... 8
Kentucky..... 11	Wisconsin..... 8
Tennessee..... 3	Iowa..... 8
Indiana..... 13	Minnesota..... 4
Nebraska..... 3	Kansas..... 4
Nevada..... 2	Idaho..... 2
Oregon..... 3	West Virginia..... 5
California..... 5	Missouri..... 11
Total..... 135	112

Take Ohio from the Republican column and it reduces the negro suffrage vote, doubtful included, to 91. Place it in the Democratic column, where it will rightfully belong, and it swells the vote to 156, giving a majority sufficiently large for practical purposes.

The Disunion State Ticket.

Sam. Galloway having declined to run as a candidate for Lieut. Governor on the Radical disunion State ticket, a few of the members of the mongrel central committee met in Columbus the other day, and placed the name of Gen. John C. Lee, on the ticket in place of Mr. Galloway. Gen. Lee is said to be a flip-pant speaker, but is scarcely known beyond the limits of Seneca county, where he resides.

General Hayes, the mongrel candidate for Governor of Ohio, is said to be a large stockholder in a New England woolen mill, that yields him a profit of 60 to 80 per cent. This fact will explain why Hayes voted in favor of conferring special privileges upon the manufacturers, so as to afford them additional "protection," thereby increasing their already enormous profits; and refused to vote one cent towards protecting the wool growers of Ohio. No farmer, to be consistent, can vote for R. B. Hayes for Governor.

A Flying Visit to Belleville.

On Saturday last, having a little leisure, we concluded to run up to Belleville, Richland county, and "see what was to be seen." We accordingly took the 8 o'clock A. M. "Accommodation Train," and in due time arrived at Belleville. We proceeded at once to the "Weaver House," kept by our old friend Jos. Scarborough, formerly of the Kenyon House; to this city, who is doing a fine business, and who looks as "gay and happy" as a prince. After resting a while we took a stroll through the town, to induce a good appetite for dinner. We were very much pleased with the neatness and cleanliness which were everywhere observable. The town contains a population of about 800, and whatever might have been said of the morals of some of the people a few years ago, it is now claimed that Belleville is as quiet, orderly and law-abiding town as any other of its size in the State.

The "gamblers" have all been driven from the place, and the sale of beer, ale, wine and liquor of all kinds has been totally interdicted. Belleville has a very fine Public School building, with five school rooms, and is as well regulated a school as any in the country. There are four churches in the town, to wit: the O. S. Presbyterian, Cumberland Presbyterian, Methodist and Universalist. The latter denomination is said to be quite as large and wealthy as any of the others. There are five Dry Goods and three Grocery stores in the town; all of which are said to be doing a fair business. Our former townsmen Wm. McFadden and E. T. Arnold, are in business there.

But the most attractive feature about Belleville, to a stranger, is the "Gold Mines," which are located a short distance from the town, on a little stream that empties into the "Clear Fork." These mines were discovered ten years ago by Dr. Anstett of Belleville, an old California miner, and although they have been worked at intervals since, there has heretofore been no vigorous effort made to develop the real producing capacity of the mines. Recently, however, James T. Jackson, Esq., of Newark, leased the mines, and has engaged the services of Mr. Alexander R. Short, of Meigs county, an experienced miner, as Superintendent, and is now completing arrangements for active operations. The principal obstacle in the way of success heretofore, was the want of sufficient water to separate the sand and gravel from the gold dust; and to overcome this difficulty, Messrs. Jackson and Short have it in contemplation to dig a small canal, by means of which they can bring the waters of the Clear Fork into the ravine where they are operating. When this is accomplished (although it will be attended with considerable expense) they feel sanguine that success will be attained. While we were in company with Messrs. Jackson and Short at the mines, they dug out a few shovels of the earth, and by using a common pan in the water, washed out a small portion of gold—enough to satisfy us that there is no humbug about it. That these gentlemen will be liberally rewarded for their labors and expenditures is our most sincere wish.

A large amount of produce is shipped from Belleville, especially butter, eggs, dried apples and poultry. The Railroad office is under the management of Mr. O. H. Grimes, formerly a Conductor on the Road.

The fine Nursery at Belleville, formerly owned by Miller Moody, is still in operation, and is doing a good business.

While we were in Belleville an interesting trial was going on, in which the State of Ohio was plaintiff and an individual named Harvey Baldwin, a sort of pettifogging lawyer, who lives in Middlebury township, Knox county, was defendant. This Baldwin was prosecuted for driving over the iron bridge at Belleville at a faster gait than a walk, which fact he denied, although it was proven by credible witnesses. A great crowd collected in the justice's office, and as Baldwin defended himself he gave a beautiful illustration of the truth of the old proverb, "be your own lawyer and you will have a fool for a client." Baldwin ripped and tore and snorted and fumed and "bullied-ragged" and blackguard, but he only damaged and disgraced himself—if it is possible that he can be disgraced. How the case terminated we did not stop to learn, but if Baldwin was handed over by the justice to the jailor of Richland county, it was a fate that he appeared earnestly to labor for. The case on the part of the prosecution was ably conducted by our townsman, Henry T. Porter, Esq.

The Radicals and the Presidency.

There seems to be general movement among the Radicals, black and white, to bring out a mongrel ticket for the Presidency and Vice Presidency; and the probabilities are that Ben. Wade will be their candidate for the first office and Fred. Douglass (negro) for the second. Some few of the black Radicals object to Douglass on the ground that he is not a full-blooded African. They demand a real Congo for their candidate, as "black as the ace of spades." But as the white Radicals believe in a mixture of the races, socially as well as politically, including intermarriage, no doubt the objections to brother Douglass will be easily overcome. Our neighbor of the Republic has not yet committed himself on the subject, but as he has become an earnest advocate of Negro Equality, he will no doubt go in strong for the Wade and Douglass ticket, when the proper time arrives.

Pay the Debt and Stop the Interest.

The Cincinnati Enquirer proposes to pay off the National debt by issuing three thousand millions of greenbacks, and with these pay off the interest bearing bonds. The tax on labor to pay this interest is now near two hundred millions a year, of which the people of Ohio pay twenty millions in direct and indirect taxes. This would be saved by adopting the Enquirer's plan. If bonds made out of paper and lamp black are good, then greenbacks made of the same stuff are equally valuable. Let the debt be paid and interest stopped.

The determination shown by the Democracy of Ohio to prevent good and strong local tickets this fall, has awakened an extraordinary interest in the delegate elections. In all sections of the State the masses are moving in the right direction, and the most beneficial results must flow from this action. Attention to the delegate elections will give us good conventions, and good conventions will give the people sound tickets to vote for in October.

Stephen J. Meany, Esq., formerly editor of the Toledo Commercial, who was arrested at London, England, upon a charge of complicity with the Fenian conspiracy, has been found guilty, and sentenced to fifteen years imprisonment. Mr. Meany made an eloquent defense, and his lengthy speech is a searching analysis of the testimony upon which he was convicted.

Over at Delaware, when a fellow is fined for committing a breach of the peace, and has no stamps to liquidate the bill, the authorities make him "work it out" on the public streets, with a quantity of iron jewelry attached to one leg.

Democratic Mass Meetings.

The Democratic State Central Committee has arranged for a series of Mass Meetings to be held in this State, commencing on Monday, August 5th, and ending on Saturday, September 28th. The speakers announced embrace Judge Thurman, the candidate for Governor, Daniel S. Uhl, the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, Frank H. Hurd, the candidate for Attorney General, Hon. R. P. Ranney, C. L. Vallandigham, Geo. H. Pendleton, Col. George W. McCook, Hon. Hugh J. Jewett, Hon. George Bliss, Gen. Geo. W. Morgan, Hon. Philadelph Van Trump, Gen. Durbin Ward, Col. Oscar F. Moore, Hon. Wm. E. Finck, Hon. L. R. Critchfield, John McSweney, Esq., J. M. Estep, Esq., Wm. Healy, Esq., Hon. R. E. Jones, Hon. J. Frank McKinney, Hon. T. J. Kennedy, Hon. John M. Follett, Hon. Thomas Beer and Hon. A. M. Jackson.

The meeting for Knox county will be held at Mt. Vernon, on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25th, and will be addressed by Judge Thurman and Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton.

Bankruptcy and Repudiation.

The course pursued by the disunion Radicals in Congress in abolishing State Governments in the South, will inevitably lead to repudiation and bankruptcy. If the Southern State Governments are abolished, then it follows that the debts created by those States, before the rebellion commenced, and contracted for necessary purposes, must either be entirely repudiated, or assumed and paid by the Northern, or "loyal" States. These debts, the President states, will amount to one hundred million of dollars, and are held not only by our own citizens, among whom are residents of portions of the country which ever have been loyal to the Union, but by persons who are subjects of foreign Governments. When the salaries of the military despots and the holders of office holders sent into the South to rule and tyrannize over the people, are added to the State debts, we will probably have nearly two hundred millions as the cost of "reconstruction."

This is a nice picture for Northern taxpayers to contemplate. To give freedom and social and political equality to the negro, the disunion Radicals are determined to reduce the white men of our country to a condition of slavery and destitution. Shall this vile party be longer kept in power? That is a question for the people to answer at the ballot box next October.

Negro Equality.

Under the teachings of the disunion Radical leaders, the negroes in many parts of the South are now demanding that they shall have full social and political equality with the whites; have at least one half of the offices, and be admitted as equals to the parlors of their late masters. By a dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial, (Rad.) from Charlottesville, Va., we learn that at a meeting of negroes on the 4th of July, one of their own number was spokesman, and said he would be satisfied with nothing less than absolute social as well as political equality; and he would not think reconstruction properly effected until he could enter the parlor of the best white man in the land and be addressed as Mr. Lindsey. He urged the negroes to elect a black governor, a fair share of the legislature, one Senator and all the Congressmen they could get.

They Dare Not "Investigate."

Some of the Radical members of Congress threaten an investigation into the charges made by "Mack," the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, that members receive consideration in one form or another for their votes on measures before Congress. The author of the letter says he is prepared to furnish the "persons and papers" to establish the truth of his allegations, but he discredits the idea of an investigation. It might hurt Mr. Delano's prospects of success in ousting Gen. Morgan—Statecraft.

If it is true, as has been currently reported, that Mr. Delano received a fee of thirteen thousand dollars for getting a "loyal" claim passed through Congress, there is not much danger of an investigation ever taking place, as the other Radical members are in the same boat with him, and will never agree to an exposition of their own dishonesty.

Decline of Monarchy.

The St. Louis Republican has an article headed "Decline of Monarchy. All Over the World." We would venture to ask our respected contemporary (says the Cincinnati Enquirer,) whether it considers the United States in the world? Six years ago we had a Republican government. We may not have a monarchy in name, but we have a government that acts upon principles of despotism that only exist in monarchies, and in the worst of monarchies at that.

Dennison!

Popinjay Dennison, who was once governor of Ohio, urges the Negro Suffrage party to have a "bold, determined and vigorous campaign," to the end that they may secure a majority in both branches of the Legislature, and elect a Radical U. S. Senator. We presume Mister Dennison would be very willing to slip into Ben Wade's shoes himself!

Senator Wilson, in his speech at Huntsville, Alabama, said to his audience:—"The Republican party never led to you of the South." What party, asks the Chicago Times, passed the Crittenden resolutions in 1861? What party repeatedly declared that the object of the war was simply to preserve the Union? What party proposed the pending Constitutional Amendment as a finality, and then relapsed to consider it as such?—What party said the acceptance of the reconstruction bills by the South would entitle her to admission, and through its party Congressional Committee afterward said other terms would be required?

Thad. Stevens' bill, to aid reconstruction by giving Military Commanders in the South more power than the Russian Czar gives his Military Governors in Poland, the telegraph says, will be reported in a few days. It is now in the hands of the Public Printer.

Ex governor JOHN A. KING, of New York, was on the fourth of July, while delivering an oration at Jamaica, Long Island, seized with a sudden illness and fainted. Being conveyed from the stand to his home, his entire left side was found to be paralyzed.

The Morals of Washington.

Bascom still appears anxious to know how we learned that Washington is filled with "dens of vice and hells of iniquity," since the party of "high moral ideas" came into power, and literally took possession of the city. That fact is as well known as that there once existed cities named Sodom and Gomorrah, and that the Almighty sent fire from Heaven and destroyed them, on account of their wickedness.

It is a fact well known in Washington that many of the streets of the city are lined with vile houses of prostitution and gambling hells, and that the principal supporters of these "dens of vice" are Radical Congressmen, Radical office holders, contractors and lobbyists, and the pimps, spies and sneaks, who are hired to do the dirty work of the disunion Jacobins, now in power.

A correspondent of the Springfield (Mass.) Republican, (Rad.) recently gave a full exposition of the dens of pollution in Washington, and mentioned the fact that frequently, when a quorum was wanting in Congress, to carry through some disunion scheme, officers were dispatched to some of the houses of prostitution and gambling hells, where the Radical members were known to be frequenters, to hunt up the delinquent members.

It is also a well-known fact, that the "Currency Bureau," so-called, in the Treasury Department, presided over by the pious Clark, has been nothing but a house of prostitution, and that Clark boasted that he only employed a class of females in the establishment who were willing to submit their persons to gratify his lustful propensities.

We might mention many other facts, but the subject is too disgusting to dwell upon. We give the following extract, however, from a conversation which recently took place between the great Radical leader, Thad. Stevens, and a correspondent of the New York Herald. Stevens, who is himself so debased as to keep a negro wench in the capacity of a wife, thus speaks of the demoralized condition of his brother Radicals in Congress:

"The fact is, Congress had, as usual, become thoroughly demoralized. Some members had their wives at Washington and their wives at home, and it was impossible to keep them together. The bill was not all we wanted, but it was the best we could get, and so we passed it. At first it was proposed that Congress should itself name the Generals who were to command in the different military districts into which the conquered territory was divided, but the objection was made that it looked like an interference with the discipline of the army. Then the commanding General was to make the selection; but some of our friends said, 'Oh, let the President do it, it can do no harm;' and so we let it go at that."

Enormous Appropriation for the Execution of Reconstruction Acts.

The House on the 14th inst., appropriated \$1,600,000 to carry out the Reconstruction Acts, but the bill did not reach a vote in the Senate. That body, it is understood, will pass the bill. The estimate of the expense of carrying out the acts is estimated at \$2,000,000 per year, provided that the present State governments are continued. The Secretary of War, in reply to a resolution of inquiry, says the probable amount necessary to carry out the reconstruction acts is \$1,648,277. The general appropriations for this object heretofore was \$500,000, which was distributed as follows: First military district, \$69,444; second \$69,444; third, \$97,222; fourth, \$97,222; fifth, \$169,666. The Secretary says it appears by estimates that a further large amount is requisite for the first district, \$80,000; second, \$401,808; third, \$27,778; fourth district, estimated to July 1, in addition to \$97,225 already supplied, \$245,539; fifth estimates for one month, dated April 17, for \$243,420, of which \$106,666 has already been supplied, leaving a remainder called for of \$76,753.

If General Ord's register, estimated to the 1st of July only, should be continued on duty and paid to the end of July, there should be added to the above expenses for that month, at the rate of compensation stated in his estimate, the sum of \$159,781. If continued to the end of August, double that sum, \$319,562. The same, likewise, of Gen. Sheridan's district was estimated for one month only. If the monthly expenses continue for a period of two months at the rate stated they will amount to the further sum of \$218,420; if for three months, to \$436,840.

The Detroit Free Press says: "Senator Wilson is determined to secure the negro vote, if blarney can do it. He told the Richmond negroes that they were 'God's children,' hence 'the instincts of their hearts would teach them with whom to vote.' But supposing the negroes should take it into their heads to vote for the masters by whom they stood to the last during the rebellion—whose children would they be then?"

The advocates of Negro Equality in this country are to have a "grand rally" at the Court House, on the 24th of July, when the "pork and beans hero," and others, are to address the mongrels. Their party is dead, and Delano, with all his pious endeavors, can't galvanize it into life.

The Republican insists upon it that Hayes, the mongrel disunion candidate for Governor, voted to give protection to wool. Bascom of course means that he voted to protect negro wool,—the only kind of wool that the crazy Radicals now take the least interest in.

The Democracy of Knox county have recommended Hon. C. H. Scribner, for the State Senate. He is one of the best lawyers in the State, an eloquent speaker, a thorough Democrat, and an accomplished gentleman.

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The Augusta (Geo.) Chronicle charges that a white man was refused registration because he had not been in the State twelve months, but that a negro was allowed who had been in the State only two months.

Mount Vernon Female Seminary.

It gives me pleasure to see that the next Session of this Institution is to be opened about the first of September, under very flattering and encouraging auspices. The Trustees have certainly been most fortunate in securing the services of Miss Caroline M. Wolcott and Miss Caroline N. Neville, as Principals and Superintendents of the School. I am personally acquainted with them both; and it gives me great pleasure to be able to assure the former patrons of the School and the public generally, that they are good scholars; that they have had much experience in teaching and governing Schools of a similar grade; that they have won for themselves a very high reputation as educators in Kentucky; and that in my judgment, they are both eminently well qualified to superintend and govern a Female Seminary.

I design to make no invidious distinctions or comparisons. I rejoice to know that there are many other deservedly popular Seminaries in other parts of Ohio. I simply say what I have said unhesitatingly and as a matter of justice to those ladies and to the public generally.—The patrons of the school will rest assured, that their daughters will be well instructed and properly cared for under the supervision of either Miss C. M. Wolcott or Miss C. N. Neville.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 6th, 1867.

The Rev. Mr. Errett, editor of the Christian Standard, in publishing the above, adds: The statement made above by Prest. Milligan, of Ky. University, is endorsed by our leading brethren in Kentucky. We have confidence that under the experienced control of the ladies named and the continued services of brother Whitcomb, the Seminary at Mt. Vernon will be found a very desirable school, to which Christian parents may send their daughters with entire assurance that strict general sympathy, and thorough culture will be secured to them.

"Anything but Good."

That "what Mack," of the Cincinnati Commercial, pronounces the "Grand Army of the Republic," He attended their Convention, at Columbus, and says of it:

"It is not popular, I fear, to say any thing against an organization like this, composed, as it is, of men who have won the nation's gratitude. Still, I am convinced that though the objects of its founders were the best, the tendency of the organization is anything but good at the present time. It was intended as a society to promote the interests of men who were comrades in battle. It is being used now as a political engine to hoist into office men, without such influence, could obtain no position of trust or honor from those who know them. After the close of the Revolutionary War a similar organization was started, which was called the 'Ginnianus,' and many distinguished men were among its members. But in a few years it was found working precisely at the Grand Army of the Republic is now tending, and all political parties united in opposition to it and broke it up."

Helper on the Negro.

H. K. Helper, the author of the famous "Impending Crisis of the South," so much admired by leading Radicals, has issued a new book entitled "No Joque." The Radicals are down on it and the following will show why: "On the premises of no respectable white person; in the mansion of no honorable private citizen; in no nationally held religious society; in no decently kept hotel; in no restaurant worthy the patronage of the white people; in no reputable store or shop; in no place whatever, where any occupant or visitor is of Caucasian blood—should the loathsome presence of any negro or negro ever be tolerated."

Helper professes to be the same radical cuss he was before the war. He scents the aim of the political radicals who favor the mixing of the races.

What Can't a Military Governor Do?

A Military Governor under the reconstruction Act can:

Suppress newspapers.
Remove Mayors of cities, Governors of States, Boards of Commissioners, &c.
Can exclude white Aldermen and appoint black in their places.
Can take possession of saving banks.
Can enact stay laws and postpone the payment of debts.
Can prohibit the distillation of corn and the sale of liquor.
Can run down city stocks and repudiate city currency.
Can spend \$500,000 for registering black voters, and ask for \$500,000 more.
Can establish local taxes and regulate the circulation of papers.
Can fix the rate of wages and the price of commodities.
Can disobey the President and insult the Cabinet.
They can do all this and far more. What they can't do no one has ventured to say.

Yet an extra session of Congress is called to make more laws to these military despots; to make them so absolute that for even the President to question the limits of their authority will be a ground of impeachment. This is what the dog-day Congress is to do. Is it not madness?

General McClellan's Harrison Bar letter, written to President Lincoln for his assistance, and courteous in every line, was the occasion of infinite howls, not yet altogether silent, from all Republican journals because it touched politics, as 'twas said. Observe the steps since then. General Sheridan's letter to Gen. Grant is all about politics. It uses the language of the President, his superior officer. It is interpreted by the Tribune as charging upon the President a desire to aid perjury and fraud. It is applauded by the Tribune for this, and for the directness and sincerity of that great soldier's "character."

Not only this—the Rump Congress has the audacity to propose to the President, with all the language of the President, to aid perjury and fraud. It is applauded by the Tribune for this, and for the directness and sincerity of that great soldier's "character."

A negro has made application for a cadetship at West Point, to the extent of which the appointment will be demanded of Mr. Stanton in a sort of "high yamen fashion, under menace." In the same menacing manner application was made on Saturday to admit a negro to practice in the Courts of Allegheny county. The negro is getting stronger and stronger every day, and is especially so when he gets a lift in a railroad car these hot days.—Pittsburgh Republic.

Go it, Black Man.

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SENATOR.—On Sunday night, at the Lion Garden, Indianapolis, a young fellow, tortured with green-eyed jealousy, which doth make the fool it feeds upon, attempted to poison his girl by slipping a powder in her lemonade. She tasted the drug, threw the glass of lemonade in his face and then left him.—The young man has left to avoid arrest.

A servant girl, employed in a house on Wilson street, Brooklyn, N. Y., was burned to death, on Sunday, by the explosion of a kerosene oil, which she was pouring upon the fire. A gentleman and lady, who attempted to save the girl, were severely burned about the face and hands.

Texts for Negro Suffrage Orators.

I hold that this Government was made on the white basis, by white men, for the benefit of white men, and THEIR POSTERITY FOREVER, and should be administered by WHITE MEN AND NONE OTHERS. I do not believe that the Almighty made the negro capable of self-government.—Stephen A. Douglas.

"I will say then, that I am not or never have been, in favor of bringing about, in any way the social and political equality of the white and black races; that I am not, nor never have been in favor of making voters or jurors of negroes, nor of qualifying them to hold office, or intermarrying with the white people; and I will say in addition to this, that there is a physical difference between the white and black races which, I believe, will forever forbid the two races living together on terms of social and political equality. And inasmuch as they can not so live, while they do remain together, there must be the position of superior and inferior, and I am as much as any other man in favor of having the superior position assigned to the white man."—Abraham Lincoln.

M. Lincoln never retracted the sentiments of this speech, and Mr. Douglas did, as he lived, entertaining the sentiments thus expressed.

The Way They Are Being Educated.

The Radicals are sparing no efforts to sow the seeds in the South of a bitter conflict of races, that will, ere long, produce terrible and bloody fruits. The germs of what is going on are this noticed by an Augusta (Virginia) correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette, who writes:

"In Augusta County the negro population is not large for a slave State. It is little more than one-sixth that of the county. But even here the beautiful effects of the unwise teachings of fanatical Radicals and foolish school-masters are producing a marked effect. Not long ago a colored orator announced to his brethren that he would never be satisfied until, when he called at the white man's house, he should be invited into his parlor. The blacks generally are being taught to assert 'their rights,' and, in the streets, to contest the pavement with their betters. Among the present generation the movement is, of course, slow. The habits of submission which they have been educated have still too strong a hold upon them to be easily thrown off. With the rising one it is different. Among all the young blacks notions of equality are being daily instilled. The effect of this is every day becoming more evident, and even among the most liberal minded of the whites, an antagonism of race is gradually being engendered, which must, in a comparatively short period of time, affect very seriously the condition of the blacks."

A colored caucus in the upper ward of Richmond, Va., has decided to run a colored candidate for Mayor, and a council ticket with two whites and three colored nominees. Nigger ahead as usual!

Mr. Shanks, of Indiana, applauds the butchery of Maximilian, and Mr. Tipton, of Kansas, advocates the offering of bounty for Indian scalps. These are Representative men of the Radical party.

A telegraph dispatch from the wife of General MEAGHER says that although the greatest exertions have been made to secure the remains of General MEAGHER, they have not yet been recovered.

A dispatch from the United States Consul at Vera Cruz to our State Department states that the Cruz is in quiet possession of the Liberals. All the Imperialists have left.

Nothing will be done in the House this session in the several contested-election cases, as there is scarcely a quorum present.

SANTA ANNA is reported to have been a prisoner on parole at Campachy on 22d inst. and in no danger.

Arizona City has been destroyed by a flood in the Colorado River. Only two buildings were left un injured.

A letter from China to the Herald says a British man of war was dispatched to the Pelew Islands, and her officers beleaguered a native king for having put to death a British ship captain trading to his territory.

A special to the New York Herald states that every title of evidence produced by the prosecution against Surratt will be effectually rebutted by witnesses for the defense.

We learn from the Cleveland Herald that Theodore Sterling, M. D., has accepted the Peabody Professorship of Mathematics in Kenyon College.

FARM FOR SALE.

ON the 21st of August, 1867, the heirs of Elias H. Wood will offer the farm of the deceased for sale, on the premises, situate in Harrison township, Knox county, O., ten miles East of Mt. Vernon, consisting of 168 acres, of which 125 are improved. The farm is well situated, good fruit, comfortable buildings and is a good grain or grass farm. Terms made known on day of sale. For details, call on John Rolston, at the premises. Also, at the residence of the deceased, the personal property of the deceased will be sold. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M.

DAVID ROLSTON, Administrators.
JOHN ROLSTON, Administrators.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified by the Probate Court, within and for Knox county, Ohio, as Administrator of the estate of Benjamin Horn, late of Knox county, Ohio, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and all persons holding claims against said estate are notified to present them legally proven for settlement within one year from this date.

SIMON W. RUFF, Administrator.

Divorce Notice.

Mary Dorinda McCarthy, Plaintiff, vs. Patrick George McCarthy, Defendant. In Knox County, Pleas.

PATRICK GEORGE MCCARTHY, of England, is notified that Mary Dorinda McCarthy did, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1867, file her petition in the office of the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, within

THE BANNER.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO, JULY 20, 1867

Reading matter on every page.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

CENTRAL OHIO DIVISION.

NEWARK TIME TABLE.

Going West—10:26 P. M. 9:55 A. M. 3:28 P. M.

Going East—12:30 P. M. 8:25 P. M. 2:45 A. M.

Cleveland, Columbus & Cin. R. R.

SHELBY TIME TABLE.

Going South—Mail & Express—11:38 A. M.

Night Express—11:12 A. M. 5:48 P. M.

Going North—New York Express—3:38 A. M.

Night Express—5:55 A. M. 8:27 P. M.

S. M. & N. R. R.

Hereafter the trains leave Mt. Vernon as follows:

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Mail leaves—11:58 A. M. Freight leaves—3:54 P. M.

Express leaves—11:13 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Mail leaves—11:18 A. M. Freight leaves—2:56 P. M.

Express leaves—6:51 P. M.

Pittsburgh, Columbus & Cin. R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

GOING EAST.

Mail Express, Fast Line—4:15 a.m. 4:25 p.m. 1:15 a.m.

Leave Newark, 4:15 a.m. 4:25 p.m. 1:15 a.m.

Arrive Pittsburgh, 3:35 p.m. 12:55 p.m. 8:20 a.m.

GOING WEST.

Mail Express, Fast Line—6:15 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 10:25 a.m.

Leave Newark, 6:15 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 10:25 a.m.

Arrive Columbus, 8:05 p.m. 12:35 a.m. 12:00 m.

JNO. DURAND, Gen. Supt.

Steubenville, Jan. 18, 1866.

The Crops.

Our information from all parts of the country,

in regard to the wheat crops, is of the most

cheering character. With the exception of

a very few fields that were late down, the

wheat is now all cut, and secured; and we

are happy to have it in our power to state

that our farmers will have a better yield this

year than they have had for the last ten years.

The same remark may be made in regard to

rye and barley. The oats and hay crops, al-

though not yet gathered, look very fine, and

promise a large yield. Our farmers are in the

best of spirits, and feel, thankful to an All-

Wise Providence for the blessings He has be-

stowed upon them.

Great Base Ball Contest.

On Tuesday afternoon, according to an-

ouncement, a grand Base Ball Contest took

place between the Mt. Vernon and Clinton

Cubs, on the grounds of the former, near

Woodbridge's warehouse.

The Clinton Club, which is composed of

lads from 15 to 18 years of age, was the chal-

lengers, and the game was played by their

'first nine,' viz: Messrs. Officer, Cranfall,

Miller, Harper, Lippitt, Errett, Graft, Brent

and Bechtel.

The Mt. Vernon Club was represented by

their 'first nine,' viz: Messrs. Russell, Brown,

Weaver, Young, Sturges, Beach, Hildreth,

Rowe and Curtis, a majority of whom are

married men.

The playing commenced at 3 o'clock, and

continued for 4 hours and 45 minutes, or un-

til it was too dark to play any longer, when

the Umpire, Mr. Tibbatt, of Gambier, terminated

the game, before playing the last innings, and

declared—The Mt. Vernon Club the winners;

they having made 97 runs, while the Clinton

boys made 72 runs.

Wm. L. King and Sam. Peterman, acted as

scorers.

Picture Glass, Cord and Tassels, every

thing pertaining to the picture trade, for

sale cheap at Arnold's. Frames made to or-

der on short notice.

Summer Goods.

Mr. J. W. F. Singer, at his Merchant Tail-

oring Establishment, on Main street, below

the Knox County Bank, has just received

some of the finest Broadcloths ever brought to

Mt. Vernon, as well as a choice stock of goods

for Summer wear. Give him a call.

Rosewood, Gilt, Walnut, Oak, Rustic

Oval, Round—all kinds of Frames, at reduced

prices at Arnold's.

Stow's Varieties.

This well known company will perform un-

der canvas at Mt. Vernon, on Friday, July

26th, when a programme will be presented to

the public that cannot fail to afford pleasure

and amusement to all lovers of fun. The en-

tertainment will consist of a series of beauti-

ful gymnastic performances, singing, dancing,

&c. The talented and beautiful Senorita Lo-

pez, will walk a tight rope outside the inclo-

sure before the exhibition commences. This

company will also perform at Fredericktown,

on Saturday, July 27th, and at Mt. Gilead, on

Monday, July 29th.

Blackberry Wine.

There is no wine anywhere equal to the

blackberry wine when properly made, either

in flavor or for medicinal purposes, and all

persons who can conveniently do so should

manufacture enough for their own use every

year, as it is invaluable in sickness as a tonic,

and nothing is a better remedy for bowel dis-

eases. We, therefore, give the receipt for mak-

ing it; having tried it ourselves, we speak

advisedly on the subject.

Measure your berries and bruise them, to

every gallon adding one quart of boiling wa-

ter. Let the mixture stand twenty-four hours,

stirring occasionally; then strain off the liquor

into a cask, to every gallon adding two

pounds of sugar; cork tight, and let it stand

till the following October, and you will have

wine ready to use, without further straining

or boiling, that will make the lips smack as

they never smack before.

Very Pathetic.

An inmate of some "bereaved household"

where dogs are appreciated, gets off the fol-

lowing pathetic verse entitled the

"TALE OF A PUP."

Oh, the puppy, the beautiful pup!

Drinking his milk from the China cup,

Gamboling round so frisky and free,

First jumping a bone, then biting a flea.

Jumping.

Running.

After the pony,

Beautiful pup, you will soon be Bologna,

Oh, the pup, the playful pup!

With his tail in the air and his hair turned up,

Was thrown one day in the dog-man's cart

And ah! oh broke the narrator's heart!

Howled.

Growled.

Scratched with his feet;

Beautiful pup, you are now mince-veal!

MAGIC JAR SELF SEALER.—The best and

cheapest in market—sold at Arnold's.

OHIO STATE NEWS.

—Stark is the second wheat County in

the State—Montgomery, only, being ahead.

—W. J. Smithson, of Philadelphia, and

Miss Maggie E. Fornshell, of Wooster, Ohio,

were married in a balloon, 100 feet in the air,

at Pittsburgh, on Saturday week.

—A number of workmen—mechanics and

others—in Massillon have started a co-opera-

tive movement in that place. The Indepen-

dent says there are 500 or 600 workmen

there who may avail themselves of its ad-

vantages. The shares are put at \$5,000.

—Mr. Samuel Akin, of Lorain, Town-

ship, Shelby County, Ohio, while filling a

barreling up, on Sunday evening last, was

so badly burned by the explosion of the oil in

the lamp or can, that he died the next day

from its effects.

—Dr. Lincoln Goodale, of Columbus, is the

only survivor of all who went to Marietta in

1788—the first year of the settlement. He

will be eighty-five years of age on the 25th

of this month. He went to Marietta with his

parents, with the first women and children of

the settlement, in August, 1788.

—A lad named Walter Jameson, 14 years

old, living at Mansfield, accidentally shot him-

self with a pistol on the Fourth. The ball

perforated his hand, and then entered his

left breast. The missile has not been found

and is supposed to have entered the lungs.—

The wound is serious, but is not considered fa-

tal.

—The Canfield Herald mentions that one

day last week a party of men were engaged

in raising a building in Springfield township,

near New Middleton, when the structure

gave way, and the timbers came to the

ground, injuring some eighteen different per-

sons. One man was supposed to be dead,

but has recovered. Others were very seri-

ously hurt.

—On Friday morning last, ten prisoners

were received at the Ohio Penitentiary, from

Lucas County, nine males and one female.

Three of the men and woman were drunk when

they arrived at the Penitentiary, and the wo-

man was so drunk that she had to be carried

into the prison.

—Albert Collins, a young man, was killed

by lightning, on Thursday, near Milan, Ohio.

The storm arose while he was riding, and he

took shelter in a barn, which was struck soon

after he entered it.

—Geo. Pfeifer, an apprentice in the States-

man office, Columbus, went to bathe in the

Scioto last week, and on swinging himself into

the water from an overhanging grape vine,

broke his arm.

—The Bryan Democrat learns that an

"exciting foot race came off on one of the

back streets of that town on Saturday evening

between a young fleet footed blade and the

indignant father of a 'sweet seventeen.'—

The young lad was the winner. Distance,

about two hundred yards; time quicker than

lightning.

—Adjutant-general Cowen has gone to

Washington to close up the office of the Ohio

Military Agency in that city. He is ordered

by the Governor to investigate the affairs of

that office and the conduct of the agent,

and transfer the papers and claims in pro-

cess of settlement to his own office at Co-

lumbus, whence he will prosecute the claims

on behalf of the State, free of expense to the

soldiers.

—The Mansfield Herald says that a young

son of Wm. Taylor of Springfield township,

was knocked off and stepped on by a horse

on the farm of his father, last Saturday after-

noon, and injured so badly that he died the

same night. A brother was on the horse at

the same time, and in attempting to ride

past the gate, they were jammed against a

post, and the younger fell off and was injured

as stated.

—David Grimes, of Marietta, was struck by

lightning, July 4, about 2 o'clock in the af-

ternoon, and instantly killed. He was working

on a new dwelling for his family when death

so suddenly claimed him for his own. The de-

ceased was a son of Lemuel Grimes; a carpen-

ter by trade, and a steady, peaceable citizen.

During the late war, he was a member of the

7th Ohio Cavalry. His age was about thirty-

five years. He leaves a wife and one child

to mourn for him.

—A young clerk, J. C. Loutie, of Green-

field, Ohio, who has long been suffering with

a peculiar pain in his stomach, giddiness and

dimness of vision, was relieved, a few days

since, through the agency of a strong pur-

gative, of a living, snake seventeen and a

half inches in length, and about three fourths

of an inch in diameter at the largest part of

the body. He says in June, 1864, he remem-

ber, while drinking from a brook, he swallow-

ed something unusual, but paid no attention

to it at the time.

—All persons that have pictures to be

framed take them to Arnold's. He is selling

frames at reduced prices.

—David and John Roston, administrators

of Silas Roston, deceased, will sell the per-

sonal property of said deceased on the 21st

of August, and offer the fine farm in Har-

ison township, for sale at the same time.

SATISFIED.—Many housewives who have

been using Soda for years, have become satis-

fied that D. B. DeLand & Co.'s Best Chemical

Saleratus is better for all purposes than Soda,

and therefore cannot be induced to use Soda,

or any other brand of Saleratus.

"WITH FOUR METALLIC QUALIFICATIONS

a man may be pretty sure of earthly success.

These are Gold in his pocket, Silver in his

Tongue, Brass in his face, and Iron in his

heart."

But for a tonic appetizer, and as a gentle

stimulant, there is reliable virtue in PLAN-

TATION BITTERS. No article has ever

been so popular or done half so much good.—

Let all who have not already tried this great

stimulant, at once test its quality. We un-

derstand that the Druggists and Grocers of this

section are selling vast quantities, and that

scarcely a family is without it.

CHOLERA.

Divorce Notice.
JOHN HUNTER, whose residence is unknown, is notified that Charles N. Hunter did, on the 2d day of July, 1867, file his petition in the office of the Clerk of Court of Common Pleas, within an for the County of Knox, and state of Ohio, charging her with extreme cruelty and asking that he may be divorced from the said Joan Hunter; which petition will stand for hearing at the next term of said Court.
Dated this 2d day of July, 1867.
CHARLES N. HUNTER,
per S. B. Nickerson his Atty.
July 4-67

Applicants to instruct in the Public Schools of Knox county will be held in Mount Vernon, on the 1st Saturday of every month; and on the second Saturday in April and November; in Danville, on the 3d Saturday in April; in Mt. Liberty, on the 2d Saturday in May; in Martinsburg, on the 2d Saturday in October; and in Froelicktown, on the 3d Saturday in October, for the year 1867.

Feb. 23-ly JOSEPH MUENSCHEK, Clerk.

EVERYTHING usually kept by a first class Drug Store, you will find at

Mar. 2 W. B. RUSSELL & Co.

Candy Manufacturers
 MAIN STREET,
 FOUR DOORS BELOW GAMBIER,
 MT. VERNON, OHIO.
 AND GOODS DELIVERED free of charge in a
 constant the City

CUNNINGHAM & CLARK
Fredericktown, So. t. 29, 1866.

**HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.**

DISEASES of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary & Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment. Also, the **BRIDAL CHAMBER**, an Essay of Warning and Instruction—sent in sealed letter envelope free of charge. Address

Dr. J. SKILEEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Music Stands,	Book Stands,
Work Stands,	Hall Stands,
Hall Chairs,	Parlor Chairs,
Winnifor Chairs,	Cane Seat Chairs,
Sofa Bedsteads,	Cottages Bedsteads,
Bureaus,	Wardrobes,
Book-cases,	&c. &c. &c.

Determined that our work shall give satisfaction
 we respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

JOHN & DAN McDOWELL.

Mt. Vernon, May 21, 1864.

ESSENTIAL OILS. Colognes, &c., at

WILLIAM A. WATSON,
By CURTIS & SCRIBNER, his Attys
June 15-6w \$10.

WATSON'S
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
MOUNT VERNON, OHIO,

SELLS Farms, Dwellings and Business Property.
Examines Titles, and collects Money, on reasonable terms.
JOSEPH WATSON,